that it should not be disposed of in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. On January 10, 1935, the judgment was modified to permit and order the removal of the deleterious substances by peeling, and the destruction of the peelings.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

24391. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 20 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 34363. Sample no. 23531-B.)

Examination of the apples involved in this case showed the presence of arsenic and lead in amounts that might have rendered them injurious to health.

On October 22, 1934, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 20 bushels of apples at Morley, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 18, 1934, by Lewis Gillilard of Morley, Mo., from Anna, Ill., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenie and lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On December 4, 1934, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

24892. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 101 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 34365. Sample no. 23499-B.)

Examination of the apples involved in this case showed the presence of arsenic and lead in amounts that might have rendered them injurious to health.

On October 25, 1934, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 101 bushels of apples at Jackson, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 23, 1934, by N. A. Illers, and B. W. Aufdenberg, from Cobden, Ill., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "L. L. Casper & Sons, \* \* \* Winesap."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On December 4, 1934, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

24393. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 20 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 34366. Sample no. 23535-B.)

Examination of the apples involved in this case showed the presence of arsenic and lead in amounts that might have rendered them injurious to health.

On October 25, 1934, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 20 bushels of apples at Jackson, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 23, 1934, by C. R. Query, from Anna, Ill., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On December 4, 1934, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

24394. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 38 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 34367. Sample no. 2024-B.)

Examination of the apples involved in this case showed the presence of arsenic and lead in amounts that might have rendered them injurious to health.

On October 5, 1934, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Indiana, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district